AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 7, 2007

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 1, 2007

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AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 27, 2007

AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 4, 2007

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007–08 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1526

Introduced by Assembly Member Lieber (Coauthors: Senators Alquist and Romero)

February 23, 2007

An act to amend Sections 1505, 1568.03, 1569.145, and 1788 of, and to add Section 1788.1 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to community care. An act to amend Section 1091 of the Government Code, relating to conflicts of interest, and declaring the urgency thereof, to take effect immediately.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1526, as amended, Lieber. Housing for elderly or disabled persons. Conflicts of interest.

(1) Existing law prohibits certain public officials and employees from being financially interested in any contract made by them in their official capacity, or by any body or board of which they are members. An officer is not deemed to be interested in a contract entered into by a body or board of which the officer is a member if the member has only a remote interest in the contract and other requirements are met. A remote interest

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is defined to include that of an employee or agent of a contracting party if certain conditions are met.

This bill would, in addition, include within the definition of a remote interest, that of an employee or agent of a contracting party where the contract is between a local government body or board and the contracting party as a franchise agreement and certain additional conditions are met.

(2) This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Existing law establishes the State Department of Social Services and sets forth its powers and duties, including, but not limited to, administration over the California Community Care Facilities Act, which, with certain exceptions, requires community care facilities, as defined, to meet prescribed licensing standards.

Existing law exempts certain facilities for elderly or disabled persons that are approved and operated pursuant to prescribed provisions of federal law from licensing requirements applicable to community care facilities, residential care facilities for persons with life-threatening illness, and residential care facilities for the elderly.

This bill would, instead, exempt those facilities occupied by elderly or disabled persons from these provisions, and would also exempt facilities that are initially approved and operated under a regulatory agreement pursuant to provisions of the federal Tax Reform Act of 1986 and the federal Housing and Community Development Act of 1974.

Existing law provides for the regulation by the State Department of Social Services of activities relating to continuing care contracts that govern care provided to an elderly resident in a continuing care retirement community for the duration of the resident's life or a term in excess of one year.

Existing law requires a continuing care contract to contain specified elements, including requirements for procedures and conditions under which a resident of a continuing care retirement community may be transferred, taking into account the appropriateness and necessity of the transfer and the goal of promoting resident independence.

This bill would recast those requirements and conditions to specify that a resident of a continuing care retirement community may be involuntarily transferred only under specified conditions, after taking into account the appropriateness and necessity of the transfer, and the goals of promoting resident independence and the least restrictive

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alternative placement options, and would grant additional rights and impose responsibilities, including notice and appeal procedures applicable to these transfer provisions.

Vote: $\frac{2}{3}$. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: $\frac{yes}{no}$. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 1091 of the Government Code is amended to read:

- 1091. (a) An officer shall not be deemed to be interested in a contract entered into by a body or board of which the officer is a member within the meaning of this article if the officer has only a remote interest in the contract and if the fact of that interest is disclosed to the body or board of which the officer is a member and noted in its official records, and thereafter the body or board authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the officer or member with the remote interest.
- (b) As used in this article, "remote interest" means any of the following:
- (1) That of an officer or employee of a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)) or a nonprofit corporation, except as provided in paragraph (8) of subdivision (a) of Section 1091.5.
- (2) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if the contracting party has 10 or more other employees and if the officer was an employee or agent of that contracting party for at least three years prior to the officer initially accepting his or her office and the officer owns less than 3 percent of the shares of stock of the contracting party; and the employee or agent is not an officer or director of the contracting party and did not directly participate in formulating the bid of the contracting party.

For purposes of this paragraph, time of employment with the contracting party by the officer shall be counted in computing the three-year period specified in this paragraph even though the contracting party has been converted from one form of business organization to a different form of business organization within three years of the initial taking of office by the officer. Time of employment in that case shall be counted only if, after the transfer

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or change in organization, the real or ultimate ownership of the contracting party is the same or substantially similar to that which existed before the transfer or change in organization. For purposes of this paragraph, stockholders, bondholders, partners, or other persons holding an interest in the contracting party are regarded as having the "real or ultimate ownership" of the contracting party.

- (3) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The agency of which the person is an officer is a local public agency located in a county with a population of less than 4,000,000.
- (B) The contract is competitively bid and is not for personal services.
- (C) The employee or agent is not in a primary management capacity with the contracting party, is not an officer or director of the contracting party, and holds no ownership interest in the contracting party.
 - (D) The contracting party has 10 or more other employees.
- (E) The employee or agent did not directly participate in formulating the bid of the contracting party.
 - (F) The contracting party is the lowest responsible bidder.
- (4) That of a parent in the earnings of his or her minor child for personal services.
 - (5) That of a landlord or tenant of the contracting party.
- (6) That of an attorney of the contracting party or that of an owner, officer, employee, or agent of a firm that renders, or has rendered, service to the contracting party in the capacity of stockbroker, insurance agent, insurance broker, real estate agent, or real estate broker, if these individuals have not received and will not receive remuneration, consideration, or a commission as a result of the contract and if these individuals have an ownership interest of 10 percent or more in the law practice or firm, stock brokerage firm, insurance firm, or real estate firm.
- (7) That of a member of a nonprofit corporation formed under the Food and Agricultural Code or a nonprofit corporation formed under the Corporations Code for the sole purpose of engaging in the merchandising of agricultural products or the supplying of water.
- (8) That of a supplier of goods or services when those goods or services have been supplied to the contracting party by the officer

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for at least five years prior to his or her election or appointment to office.

- (9) That of a person subject to the provisions of Section 1090 in any contract or agreement entered into pursuant to the provisions of the California Land Conservation Act of 1965.
- (10) Except as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 1091.5, that of a director of or a person having an ownership interest of 10 percent or more in a bank, bank holding company, or savings and loan association with which a party to the contract has a relationship of borrower or depositor, debtor or creditor.
- (11) That of an engineer, geologist, or architect employed by a consulting engineering or architectural firm. This paragraph applies only to an employee of a consulting firm who does not serve in a primary management capacity, and does not apply to an officer or director of a consulting firm.
- (12) That of an elected officer otherwise subject to Section 1090, in any housing assistance payment contract entered into pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1437f) as amended, provided that the housing assistance payment contract was in existence before Section 1090 became applicable to the officer and will be renewed or extended only as to the existing tenant, or, in a jurisdiction in which the rental vacancy rate is less than 5 percent, as to new tenants in a unit previously under a Section 8 contract. This section applies to any person who became a public official on or after November 1, 1986.
- (13) That of a person receiving salary, per diem, or reimbursement for expenses from a government entity.
- (14) That of a person owning less than 3 percent of the shares of a contracting party that is a for-profit corporation, provided that the ownership of the shares derived from the person's employment with that corporation.
- (15) That of an employee or agent of the contracting party, if all of the following conditions are met:
- (A) The contract is between a local government body or board and the contracting party as a franchise agreement.
- (B) The employee or agent is not an officer or director of the contracting party.
- (C) The employee or agent did not participate directly or indirectly in any manner in formulating the contract.
 - (D) The contracting party has more than 10 employees.

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(c) This section is not applicable to any officer interested in a contract who influences or attempts to influence another member of the body or board of which he or she is a member to enter into the contract.

- (d) The willful failure of an officer to disclose the fact of his or her interest in a contract pursuant to this section is punishable as provided in Section 1097. That violation does not void the contract unless the contracting party had knowledge of the fact of the remote interest of the officer at the time the contract was executed.
- SEC. 2. This act is an urgency statute necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety within the meaning of Article IV of the Constitution and shall go into immediate effect. The facts constituting the necessity are:

In order to ensure that a local government body or board with a member with a specified interest may enter into a valid franchise agreement prior to January 1, 2008, it is necessary that this act take effect immediately.

All matter omitted in this version of the bill appears in the bill as amended in the Senate, August 1, 2007 (JR11)